

drag something over the place to obliterate our tracks; before I told him that I said, "We have hidden some guns in the sand and you are to go over there and cover up the tracks in the morning." Wilcox said the same thing; I heard no other orders.

W. O. Smith testified that the accused had never given any information of arms landed on the island of Oahu. The prosecution closed soon after noon and a recess till 1:30 was declared.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Before introducing any testimony in behalf of the defendant, Mr. Kane moved that the case against his client be dismissed. In support of this he cited that the evidence was incomplete in connecting the defendant with landing the arms.

The court explained that they had no authority to dismiss, but must find on every specific charge, and the motion would be overruled.

Mr. Kane then announced that he would proceed with the case.

Robert W. Wilcox was called for the defense. He was at Kahala night when arms were landed; Kalli was not there when guns were landed; saw accused about fifteen minutes after they were landed and secreted; Warren told Kalli to guard stuff over there; guess defendant knew nothing of arms to be landed; nothing was said by Warren that stuff meant guns.

Cross-examined:—Kallina and Kallu were detailed to watch guns; Warren and Townsend went up and shook hands with Kalli; witness shook hands with him also; Townsend and Warren were bosses of the whole affair; don't know what they said to accused about guns; never saw Kalli since that time until at station house; Warren told Kalli to look after stuff buried over there; Kalli is head man at Kahala; he leases a house there.

Sam K. Kalli desired to make a statement in his own behalf and was sworn. He leases fishing station there; have no control over anything else there; was at Kahala at house the night arms landed; had occasion to get up during night and saw two boats in front of my house; called out in loud voice who owned those boats; received no reply; later saw three men coming along beach; recognized Townsend and Warren and later saw Wilcox; asked Warren what have you come here for; he replied they'd brought some stuff and buried it over there; that's all said; they then left and went toward town; they said nothing to me to watch stuff and obliterate any tracks; did not know what their errand was; nothing that passed was said to me; lead me to know their errand; saw nothing out there to lead me to expect a uprising; remained in town Saturday and Sunday; was going back there on Monday; first heard of trouble on Monday morning; Warren didn't tell me do anything; didn't ask them what stuff was; was arrested two weeks.

This concluded case of defense. Mr. Kane made a somewhat lengthy argument. He contended that the evidence was insufficient to show the accused had knowledge of the landing of the munitions of war and could not be, therefore, guilty of the charge preferred against him.

Judge-Advocate Robertson held that the accused had full knowledge of the landing of the arms; was told to look out for them and did so. Evidence to this end was fully corroborated and he thought the Commission would so find.

The case against Wm. K. Hutchinson, charged with misprision of treason under thirteen specifications, was next taken up.

Mr. Neumann appeared as counsel for accused.

No objection was entered by the prisoner against the personnel of the Court.

Mr. Neumann entered the usual objection to the jurisdiction of the Court and which objection was overruled by the Court.

On advice of counsel the defendant declined to plead, and the Court ordered a plea of not guilty entered to the charge and specifications.

Sam Nowlein was the first witness called. He told the same old story of the formation of the plot to overthrow the Government; how, when and where the arms were landed.

On cross-examination Nowlein remembered the accused; he used to be a schoolmate of mine; saw him last about two years; think he lives on Maui somewhere; never wrote to him or told him anything this scheme or any other.

Charles Warren:—He recited how he had been employed by Nowlein to go out and get arms from schooner and land them. Know Hutchinson; first saw him on steamer Waimanalo; he and George Townsend were talking; don't know what they were saying; talked with accused about arms; told him arms be used against Government; defendant slapped Townsend on back and said "why didn't you tell me sooner about arms;" George said didn't know on what side he stood; Hutchinson said he was all right; we were talking often about attempt to overthrow Government; accused didn't say much; he listened; Hutchinson helped to land arms; he went off in boat to Rabbit Island with Townsend.

On cross-examination Warren repeated conversations held by him, Townsend, Hutchinson and Captain Davies. We all drinking whiskey on Tuesday; talks were held in Hawaiian; on Thursday we broke open box of samshu and was drinking and talking about revolution all day.

George Townsend was next called. He corroborated the testimony given by Warren. Told how Hutchinson slapped him on back and asked why he didn't tell him what was going do with arms. He and Warren were talking with Hutchinson about how and where arms were to be landed and concerning revolution.

On cross-examination Townsend admitted first seeing Hutchinson on day steamer left Honolulu. He stood by and heard myself talk about plans to land arms; Hutchinson got into boat of his own accord; nobody threatened him or asked Hutchinson go out to Rabbit Island; understand Hutchinson is machinist and lives on Maui; he told witness he wanted buy interest in steamer; went along to see how machinery worked; didn't threaten any one or ordered any one to get into boat; Hutchinson sitting on deck eating when boats left steamer with arms.

Captain Davies had known Hutchinson for seven years. He was on Waimanalo as a passenger. Said he wanted to buy an interest in a steamer and would go along to see how things worked. There were several conversations between us all regarding the arms and purpose they were to be used for. Hutchinson was in boat when arms taken from schooner. Talked with Hutchinson while coming into port, and in restaurant on Nuuanu street; he said thought from what been said on steamer men too cowardly to fight; think every one aboard vessel knew what arms were for.

Cross-examined:—Never told Hutchinson about my agreement with Rickard; don't think he knew before steamer left Honolulu were going to get arms; at my suggestion Hutchinson came aboard and made a trip to see how things worked.

Attorney-General Smith was put on stand; knew Hutchinson for some time; he made no statement to authorities; on contrary when saw him in prison he denied all knowledge of it; afterwards said he knew about arms being landed; that he was on steamer looking at machinery and went aboard for purpose of buying interest in vessel.

At 5:25 the Court adjourned until 9:30 Wednesday morning on request of Mr. Neumann.

SUGAR CANE ON UNION ISLAND.

Excellent Prospects for the Sugar Industry in California.

Report from the Experimental Station—Cane Attains a Height of Seven Feet Since Last March.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A report has been received at the Agricultural Department here from Superintendent Wixom, in charge of the sugar experiment station on the Sacramento river, near Stockton, giving an account of the work at that station during the past year.

The crops experimented with were sugar-cane, flax, rice and sugar beets. Superintendent Wixom states that nothing was planted until late in March, but in spite of the lateness of the season sugar cane attained a height of seven feet, and that the stooling of the stalks was remarkable, in one case over fifty being reported from single stalks. The cane was matured enough to serve as seed, but did not have a season of sufficient length to mature a large amount of sugar. If the cane had been planted earlier there would have been a good crop of seed. The sugar beets, Superintendent Wixom states, made a splendid showing. The beets averaged about 11 pounds in weight, and contained over 14 per cent. of sugar. Professor Wiley, who is in charge of the sugar experiment stations of the country, said today that he was afraid that early frosts would prevent the raising of sugar-cane in the vicinity of the experiment station in California, but the results of last year have convinced him that cane can be grown there as easily as in Louisiana and with as much profit. Last year the first frost at the experiment station was on December 17th, which was about a month later than was anticipated.

The flax which was planted last of May made a fair crop. The rice which was planted was supposed to be upland rice, and growing without irrigation. It proved to be of the other variety, however, and, not being irrigated, the crop was somewhat of a failure. Professor Wiley states that the crop which will grow this year will furnish a large amount of seed, which can not only be used on the station, but distributed to neighboring farmers. In this way the industry will be encouraged in that section of the country, and if such crops can be successfully cultivated, as Professor Wiley says they can, the raising of sugarcane, sugar beets and rice will soon supplant unprofitable farming, which has been carried on in this section for the past few years. He thinks that if this new industry is prosecuted with vigor, every prospect is favorable to the development of new agricultural interests in these valleys. It was intended to send a carload of seed from the station in Florida to the California station, but the late freeze destroyed all the Florida plants. Professor Wiley believes that the California station will soon be supplying the Florida station with seed.

Appended to the report of Superintendent Wixom is a letter from Mr. Center, Claus Spreckels' superintendent on the Hawaiian Islands, who made a personal visit to this experiment station, and was exceedingly pleased with the results that had been accomplished. He was much surprised at stools seven feet high and at the immense fertility of the soil of that region. He offered to get some seed from the Hawaiian Islands of early maturing cane, which would, perhaps, give better results than the kind of seed now in use, and his offer was accepted. Professor Wiley says that if this experiment farm does not develop a great sugar industry in this part of California he will be very much surprised.

Long Tails Must Go

St. Louis, Jan. 22.—The long-tailed cutaway and Prince Albert coats are to be superseded by the short, tight-fitting garments, and custom tailors are here from all parts of America for the purpose of adopting plans of cutting the new style clothing.

Corbett has offered to fight Jackson nine weeks after his contest with Fitzsimmons, which would mean that he and Peter would not meet for seven or eight months. Jackson replies that he would like to fight Corbett in the National club for the proposed \$5000 purse, but not later than May.

From New Zealand

Change of Climate Brought on Rheumatism

Perfect Cure Effected by Hood's Sarsaparilla—Better Health Than Ever.

Many homes are sad because of the failing health of some dear one,—mother breaking down under heavy household cares, father weakened by advancing years and hard, incessant



Mrs. Andrew Gray

La Crosse, Wis.

toil, brother or sister growing thinner every day, or suffering from some insidious disease of the blood. Such homes may be made bright and happy again by the restoration of health and vigor which will follow the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It makes pure blood and thus cures disagreeable eruptions, gives nerve strength, good appetite, and perfect digestion. In the

myself or undress, and some days I could not walk across the room. One time I thought I should have to use crutches. I was attended by two doctors and they did me no good whatever. Reading about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I made up my mind to give it a fair trial, and

I Bless the Happy Day

I did, for the good it has done me. I can't speak too highly of it, and I am sure all who suffer with rheumatism, if they will have the faith in Hood's Sarsaparilla and give it a fair trial, it will do the same for them as it has done for me. I am now taking the eighth bottle and I can safely say I feel as well today as any day in my life. My age is 32 years, and I have lived in New Zealand since 15 years of age.

"I am glad to learn from a copy of your 'New Banner' that Hood's Sarsaparilla is now on sale in New Zealand, and that the headquarters is at Christchurch. I am well acquainted in that city and know many of

The Leading Drug Stores

there, some of which I will mention. There are

"G. BONNINGTON,
"G. S. COOKE,
"W. P. TOWNSEND,
"GOULD & CO.,
"COOK & ROSS,
"J. BAXTER,
"BARNETT,
"W. J. COOPER,
"STEVENSON, and others.

"I shall write to my friends in Christchurch and recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to them. We also lived in Port Lyttleton

Hood's Sarsaparilla

most natural and healthy way Hood's Sarsaparilla really makes the weak strong. Every sufferer should carefully read the following letter:

"220 King Street,
"La Crosse, Wis., April 24, 1894.
"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs: I came here from New Zealand and Australia twelve months ago, and owing to the change of climate, eight months ago, I was taken very sick with a severe attack of rheumatism in all my joints, from head to foot. My right arm was drawn so bad that I could not dress

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation. 25c.

HOBSON DRUG COMPANY, Wholesale Agents.

Hawaiian Gazette Com'y

GENERAL

PRINTERS

— AND —

BINDERS

TELEPHONES NO. 88.

No. 46 Merchant Street.

BY AUTHORITY.

PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE BUILDING,

HONOLULU, H. I., January 7, 1895.

The right of WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS is hereby suspended and MARTIAL LAW is instituted and established throughout the Island of Oahu, to continue until further notice, during which time, however, the Courts will continue in session and conduct ordinary business as usual, except as aforesaid.

By the President:

SANFORD B. DOLE,

President of the Republic of Hawaii.

J. A. KING,

Minister of the Interior.

NOTICE.

Special Orders No. 31.

The following appointment is hereby announced for the information of the National Guard of Hawaii.

A. G. M. Robertson, to be Aid-de-Camp on the General Staff with rank of Captain, from February 11, 1895.

Captain A. G. M. Robertson will act as Judge-Advocate on the Military Commission now in session in this city, vice Captain W. A. Kinney, relieved from said duty.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
JNO. H. SOPER,
Adjutant-General.

Adjutant-General's Office,
Honolulu, H. I., February 11, 1895.
3916-3t

NOTICE.

Special Orders No. 32.

MAJOR McLEOD, commanding First Regiment, N. G. H., is hereby ordered to cause Solomon Kauai, Apelehamo, Lot Lane, Thomas Poole, Robert Palau, J. W. Bipikane, Kiliona, Joe Clark, William Widdifield and Ioela Kiakahi, prisoners under arrest on the charge of treason, to be transferred to the custody of the Marshal.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
JNO. H. SOPER,
Adjutant-General.

Adjutant-General's Office,
Honolulu, February 11, 1895.
3916-3t

NOTICE.

Special Orders No. 34.

Major McLeod, Commanding First Regiment N. G. H., is hereby ordered to cause John Mahuka, Kallikuewa, Liwai Kamekani alias (Pipi), Kaona, Puna-lua, Samuel Kalalau, Patrick Lane, Kilohana, Manuel Kuhio, Henry Mahoe, Samuel K. Kaloa, Nahaikuaheine and Tom Pedro, prisoners under arrest on the charge of treason, to be transferred to the custody of the Marshal.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief
JNO. H. SOPER,
Adjutant General.

Adjutant-General's office,
Honolulu, H. I., February 12, 1895.
3917-3t

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby notified that they are strictly forbidden to use fire crackers, Chinese bombs, or any fire works whatever within the limits of Honolulu.

E. G. HITCHCOCK,
Marshal Republic of Hawaii.
Honolulu, January 22d, 1895.
3893-4t

NOTICE.

Special Orders, No 26.

The Military Commission now in ses-

sion in this city, convened by Special Orders No. 25, dated January 16, 1895, from these Headquarters will hold its sessions without regard to hours.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

JNO. H. SOPER,
Adjutant-General.

Adjutant-General's Office, Honolulu,
January 19, 1895. 3897 tf

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, REPUBLIC OF HAWAII,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Honolulu, Island of Oahu, H. I., January 16, 1895.

SPECIAL ORDER No. 25.

ORDER FOR A MILITARY COMMISSION.

A Military Commission is hereby ordered to meet at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Thursday, the 17th day of January, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., and thereafter from day to day for the trial of such prisoners as may be brought before it on the charges and specifications to be presented by the Judge Advocate.

The Officers composing the Commission are:

1. Colonel William Austin Whiting, First Regiment, N. G. H.
2. Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Fisher, First Regiment, N. G. H.
3. Captain C. W. Ziegler, Company F, N. G. H.
4. Captain J. M. Camara, Jr., Company C, N. G. H.
5. Captain J. W. Pratt, Adjutant, N. G. H.
6. Captain W. C. Wilder, Jr., Company D, N. G. H.
7. First Lieutenant J. W. Jones, Company D, N. G. H.

Captain William A. Kinney, Aide-de-Camp on General Staff, Judge Advocate.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
(Signed.) JNO. H. SOPER,
3893-4t Adjutant-General.

NOTICE.

On and after this date, all persons wishing passes, will please call between the hours of 11 and 12 a. m., and 7 and 9 p. m., for the same.

E. G. HITCHCOCK,
Marshal Republic of Hawaii.
Honolulu, February 9, 1895.
3914-1w

Saloon Notice.

From and after date liquors of all descriptions will be allowed to be sold at the licensed saloons, between the hours of 6 a. m. and 6 p. m., providing the same be drank on the premises.

No liquors shall be taken away from such saloons excepting beer.

Any violation of this will cause such saloon to be immediately closed.

The presence of any person under the influence of liquor upon any saloon premises will also be sufficient to cause such saloon to be immediately closed.

E. G. HITCHCOCK,
Marshal, Republic of Hawaii.
February 6th, 1895.
3912-4t

Wanted To Purchase.

A FILE OF THE HOLOMUA,
(English) for the year 1894. Apply at ADVERTISER office. 3916-4t

Assignee's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been appointed Assignee in Bankruptcy of the Estate of C. L. Brito, of Honolulu, notice is hereby given to all creditors to have their approved claims presented to him within six months from date or they will be forever barred, and all persons owing said Estate are hereby demanded to make immediate payment to the undersigned at the office of M. W. McChesney & Sons, Honolulu.

F. W. MCCHESNEY,
Assignee of the Estate of C. L. Brito.
Honolulu, February 11, 1895.
3916-3t 1628-3w

Notice to Stockholders.

WAILUKU SUGAR COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the stockholders of the Wailuku Sugar Company that they are required to present their Certificates of Stock to the Treasurer of the Company at the office of C. Brewer & Co., Limited, in Honolulu, IMMEDIATELY, in order that same may be exchanged for new Certificates to be issued under the increased Capital Stock of the Company.

GEO. H. ROBERTSON,
Treasurer, Wailuku Sugar Company.
Honolulu, February 11th, 1895.
3916-2w

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